# Web Application Security in C#

**Category:** Networking & Security | **Vendor:** Various

**Duration:** 24.00 hours (3 days) **19.5 CPD Hours** **Rating:** ⭐ 4.6 (5,878 reviews)

## Course Information

**Delivery Format:** Instructor Led - Online

## Course Overview

Your Web application written in C# works as intended, so you are done, right? But did you consider feeding in incorrect values? 16Gbs of data? A null? An apostrophe? Negative numbers, or specifically -1 or -231? Because that’s what the bad guys will do – and the list is far from complete.

Handling security needs a healthy level of paranoia, and this is what this course provides: a strong emotional engagement by lots of hands on labs and stories from real life, all to substantially improve code hygiene. Mistakes, consequences, and best practices are our blood, sweat and tears.

The curriculum goes through the common Web application security issues following the OWASP Top Ten but goes far beyond it both in coverage and the details.All this is put in the context of C#, and extended by core programming issues, discussing security pitfalls of the C# language and .NET framework.

So that you are prepared for the forces of the dark side.

So that nothing unexpected happens.

Nothing.

## About This Course

- Cyber security basics
- The OWASP Top Ten
- Common software security weaknesses
- Wrap up

## Who Should Attend

C# developers working on Web applications

### Prerequisites & Entry Requirements

**General Prerequisites:**

General C# and Web development

## Learning Outcomes

**Upon successful completion of this course, participants will be able to:**

- Getting familiar with essential cyber security concepts
- Understanding Web application security issues
- Detailed analysis of the OWASP Top Ten elements
- Putting Web application security in the context of C#
- Going beyond the low hanging fruits
- Managing vulnerabilities in third party components
- Identify vulnerabilities and their consequences
- Learn the security best practices in C#
- Input validation approaches and principles

## Detailed Course Outline

DAY 1

Cyber security basics

- What is security?
- Threat and risk
- Cyber security threat types
- Consequences of insecure software

The OWASP Top Ten

- OWASP Top 10 – 2017
- A1 – Injection

- Injection principles
- Injection attacks
- SQL injection

- SQL injection basics
- Lab – SQL injection
- Attack techniques
- Content-based blind SQL injection
- Time-based blind SQL injection
- SQL injection best practices

- Input validation
- Parameterized queries
- Additional considerations
- Lab – Using prepared statements
- Case study – Hacking Fortnite accounts
- Code injection

- OS command injection

- Lab – Command injection
- OS command injection best practices
- Avoiding command injection with the right APIs
- Lab – Command injection best practices
- Case study – Command injection via ping
- Script injection
- General protection best practices
- A2 – Broken Authentication

- Authentication basics
- Multi-factor authentication
- Authentication weaknesses – spoofing

- Spoofing on the Web
- Case study – PayPal 2FA bypass
- Password management

- Inbound password management

- Storing account passwords
- Password in transit
- Lab – Is just hashing passwords enough?
- Dictionary attacks and brute forcing
- Salting
- Adaptive hash functions for password storage
- Password policy

- NIST authenticator requirements for memorized secrets
- Case study – The Ashley Madison data breach

- The dictionary attack
- The ultimate crack
- Exploitation and the lessons learned
- Password database migration

- (Mis)handling null passwords

DAY 2

The OWASP Top Ten

- A2 – Broken Authentication

- Session management

- Session management essentials
- Session ID best practices
- Why do we protect session IDs – Session hijacking
- Session fixation
- Cross-site Request Forgery (CSRF)

- Lab – Cross-site Request Forgery
- CSRF best practices
- CSRF defense in depth
- Lab – CSRF protection with tokens
- Cookie security

- Cookie security best practices
- Cookie attributes
- A4 – XML External Entities (XXE)

- DTD and the entities
- Entity expansion
- External Entity Attack (XXE)

- File inclusion with external entities
- Server-Side Request Forgery with external entities
- Lab – External entity attack
- Case study – XXE vulnerability in SAP Store
- Preventing XXE
- Lab – Prohibiting DTD
- A5 – Broken Access Control

- Access control basics
- Failure to restrict URL access
- Confused deputy

- Insecure direct object reference (IDOR)
- Lab – Insecure Direct Object Reference
- Authorization bypass through user-controlled keys
- Case study – Authorization bypass on Facebook
- Lab – Horizontal authorization
- File upload

- Unrestricted file upload
- Good practices
- Lab – Unrestricted file upload
- A7 – Cross-site Scripting (XSS)

- Cross-site scripting basics
- Cross-site scripting types

- Persistent cross-site scripting
- Reflected cross-site scripting
- Client-side (DOM-based) cross-site scripting
- Lab – Stored XSS
- Lab – Reflected XSS
- Case study – XSS in Fortnite accounts
- XSS protection best practices

- Protection principles – escaping
- XSS protection APIs
- Request validation in ASP.NET
- Further XSS protection techniques
- Lab – XSS fix / stored
- Lab – XSS fix / reflected
- Additional protection layers
- Client-side protection principles
- A8 – Insecure Deserialization

- Serialization and deserialization challenges

- Deserializing untrusted streams

- Deserialization best practices

- Property Oriented Programming (POP)

- Creating payload

- POP best practices

- Lab – Creating a POP payload

- Lab – Using the POP payload

- A9 – Using Components with Known Vulnerabilities

- Using vulnerable components

- Assessing the environment

- Hardening

- Untrusted functionality import

- Importing JavaScript

- Lab – Importing JavaScript

- Case study – The British Airways data breach

- Vulnerability management

- Patch management

- Vulnerability databases

- Lab – Finding vulnerabilities in third-party components

DAY 3

The OWASP Top Ten

- Web application security beyond the Top Ten

- Client-side security

- Tabnabbing

- Lab – Reverse tabnabbing

- Frame sandboxing

- Cross-Frame Scripting (XFS) attack

- Lab – Clickjacking

- Clickjacking beyond hijacking a click

- Clickjacking protection best practices

- Lab – Using CSP to prevent clickjacking

Common software security weaknesses

- Input validation

- Input validation principles

- Blacklists and whitelists

- Data validation techniques

- Lab – Input validation

- What to validate – the attack surface

- Where to validate – defense in depth

- How to validate – validation vs transformations

- Output sanitization

- Encoding challenges

- Lab – Encoding challenges

- Validation with regex

- Regular expression denial of service (ReDoS)

- Lab – Regular expression denial of service (ReDoS)

- Dealing with ReDoS

- Integer handling problems

- Representing signed numbers
- Integer visualization
- Integer overflow
- Lab – Integer overflow
- Signed / unsigned confusion
- Case study – The Stockholm Stock Exchange
- Lab – Signed / unsigned confusion
- Integer truncation
- Best practices

- Upcasting
- Precondition testing
- Postcondition testing
- Using big integer libraries
- Integer handling in C#
- Lab – Checked arithmetics
- Unsafe reflection

- Reflection without validation
- Lab – Unsafe reflection
- Code quality

- Data handling

- Initialization and cleanup

- Class initialization cycles
- Lab – Initialization cycles
- Object oriented programming pitfalls

- Inheritance and overriding
- Mutability

- Lab – Mutable object

- Readonly collections

Wrap up

- Secure coding principles

- Principles of robust programming by Matt Bishop

- Secure design principles of Saltzer and Schröder

- And now what?

- Software security sources and further reading

- .NET and C# resources

**Skills You Will Learn:**

- Getting familiar with essential cyber security concepts<br>- Understanding Web application security issues<br>- Detailed analysis of the OWASP Top Ten elements<br>- Putting Web application security in the context of C#<br>- Going beyond the low hanging fruits<br>- Managing vulnerabilities in third party components<br>- Identify vulnerabilities and their consequences<br>- Learn the security best practices in C#<br>- Input validation approaches and principles

# Frequently Asked Questions

### Q: What delivery options are available for Web Application Security in C#?

We offer multiple delivery formats:

- Live Instructor-Led Classroom Online (Virtual/Live Online)
- Traditional Instructor-Led Classroom Training (ILT)
- On-site delivery at your offices anywhere in United Kingdom
- Private dedicated courses customized for your team

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### Q: How many CPD hours does this course provide?

The 3-day Web Application Security in C# course provides up to 19.5 CPD hours of structured learning. CPD certificates can be provided upon request.

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### Q: What is the duration of the Web Application Security in C# training?

The training takes place over 3 day(s), with each day lasting approximately 24.00 hours including breaks for lunch and refreshments.

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### Q: Do you provide corporate training for Web Application Security in C#?

Yes, we provide corporate training, dedicated training, and closed classes for Web Application Security in C#. Training can take place anywhere in United Kingdom including London, Manchester, Birmingham, Edinburgh, or live online allowing teams from across United Kingdom or internationally to attend.

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### Q: What related terms do people search for?

Popular related searches include: Web Application Security in C#, Web Application Security, WASEC-C#

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### Q: Why choose Nexus Human for Web Application Security in C#?

Nexus Human is recognized as one of the leading training providers. Our trainers have won multiple awards including:

- Small Firms Best Trainer Award
- National Training Partner of the Year (Ireland) - Multiple Years
- Global Top 30 Instructor Awards (2012, 2019, 2021)
- Tech Excellence Award Nominations
- Learning Performance Institute (LPI) External Training Provider Sponsor 2024

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### Q: Are there any discount codes available?

Yes! Use discount code **PENPAL5** when booking your Web Application Security in C# training. Please note that only one discount code can be used per booking and cannot be combined with other special offers.


## Nexus Human

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